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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/370,601	09/370,601 08/10/1999		KRISTINE B. FUIMAONO	34063/KMO/W1	8267
23363	7590	09/29/2003			
		R & HALE, LLP	EXAMINER		
SUITE 500	OLORAL	DO BOULEVARD	RODRIGUEZ, CRIS LOIREN		
PASADENA, CA 91105				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				3763	09
				DATE MAILED: 09/29/2003	29

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		ΛK
	Application No.	Applicant(s)
· _	09/370,601	FUIMAONO, KRISTINE B.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	Cris L. Rodriguez	3763
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ting within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29	<u>August 2003</u> .	•
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) ☑ The	nis action is non-final.	•
3) Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under Disposition of Claims		
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>2-16,18-39,41-49,51,52 and 54-59</u> is	s/are pending in the application.	
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>24-39 and 41-47</u> is/a	re withdrawn from consideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6) Claim(s) 2-16,18-23,48,49,51,52 and 54-59 is	/are rejected.	
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.	
Application Papers		•
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine		
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ acce		
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		•
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		oved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	. •	
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer.	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:		
1. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received.	
2. Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received in Applicat	ion No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ıreau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	-
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domest	ic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	• •	
Attachment(s)		
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 2 	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152) .
S. Patent and Trademark Office		

Application/Control Number: 09/370,601

Art Unit: 3763

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

2. Claims 2-4, 6, 7, 12, 14-16, 18, 48, 49, 51, 52, and 54-59/are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Desai (US 6,231,591).

Desai discloses an endoscopic surgical instrument assembly (figs. 25-36B) for tissue ablation having

- a probe body 309 with an ablation electrode 306 made of nickel-titanium or other resilient or conductive material (col. 18 lines18-21) with at least one opening,
- means for introducing fluid into the inner cavity comprising an infusion tube 378
 attached to the proximal end of the ablation electrode by means of adaptor 374
 and sliding portion 338 (col. 19 lines 4-11),
- and a handle at $\frac{370}{20}$. The probe body is generally rigid from its proximal to its distal end. The ablation electrode is generally straight and forms an angle with the remainder of the probe body.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

Application/Control Number: 09/370,601

Art Unit: 3763

invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 8-11, and 19-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Desai.

Desai discloses the invention substantially as claimed. However, Desai fails to disclose the tubular electrode being made of stainless steel, and the length and the diameters of the electrode and probe body as claimed. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to select stainless steel for the electrode as an obvious design choice, since the selection of a known material based on its suitability for its intended use supported a *prima facie* obviousness. determination in *Sinclair & Carroll Co. v. Interchemical Corp.*, 325 U.S. 327, 65 USPQ 297 (1945). Furthermore, the instant disclosure describes the length and diameters dimensions as being merely preferable, and does not describe it as contributing any unexpected result to the probe. As such, these parameters are deemed matters of design choice (lacking in any criticality), well within the skill of the ordinary artisan, obtained through routine experimentation in determining optimum results.

5. Claims 5 and 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Desai in view of Ashley (6,176,857).

Desai discloses the invention substantially as claimed as discussed above. However, Desai fails to disclose the tubular electrode being malleable.

Ashley teaches a surgical instrument, (fig 4A-6A), where the tip and tubular shaft probe 404 (electrode) is made of the same tubing (such as a metal conducting shaft),

Page 4

and the shaft can be a malleable stainless steel (col. 8 lines 40-59). Given the teachings, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use Ashley's malleable stainless steel material into Desai's needle electrode. Doing so would have improved the needle/electrode conformation, particular for the patient's body, to access the location to be treated.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Thapliyal et al, Paddock et al, Gentelia et al, Haenggi, and Acosta et al.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cris L. Rodriguez whose telephone number is (703) 308-2194. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30 am - 4:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (703) 308-3552. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 305-3590 for regular communications and (703) 305-3590 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0858.

September 16, 2003

Cris L. Rodriguez

Examiner
Art Unit 3763

BRIAN L. CASLER
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700